

University of Lambung Mangkurat

Implementation of a new wetland material for the production of the additive triacetin using biodiesel by-products

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According :





OECD-FAO Agriculturøl Outlook 2021-2030



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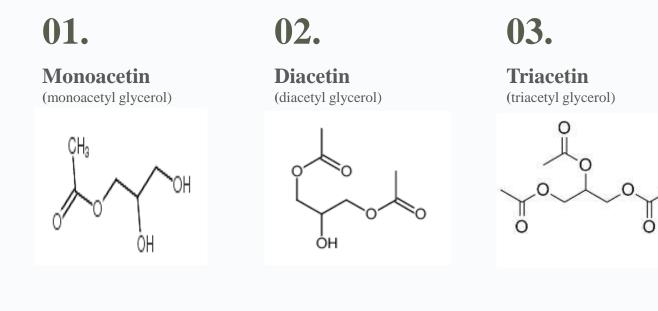
Global biodiesel production is projected to increase to 50 billion L by 2030



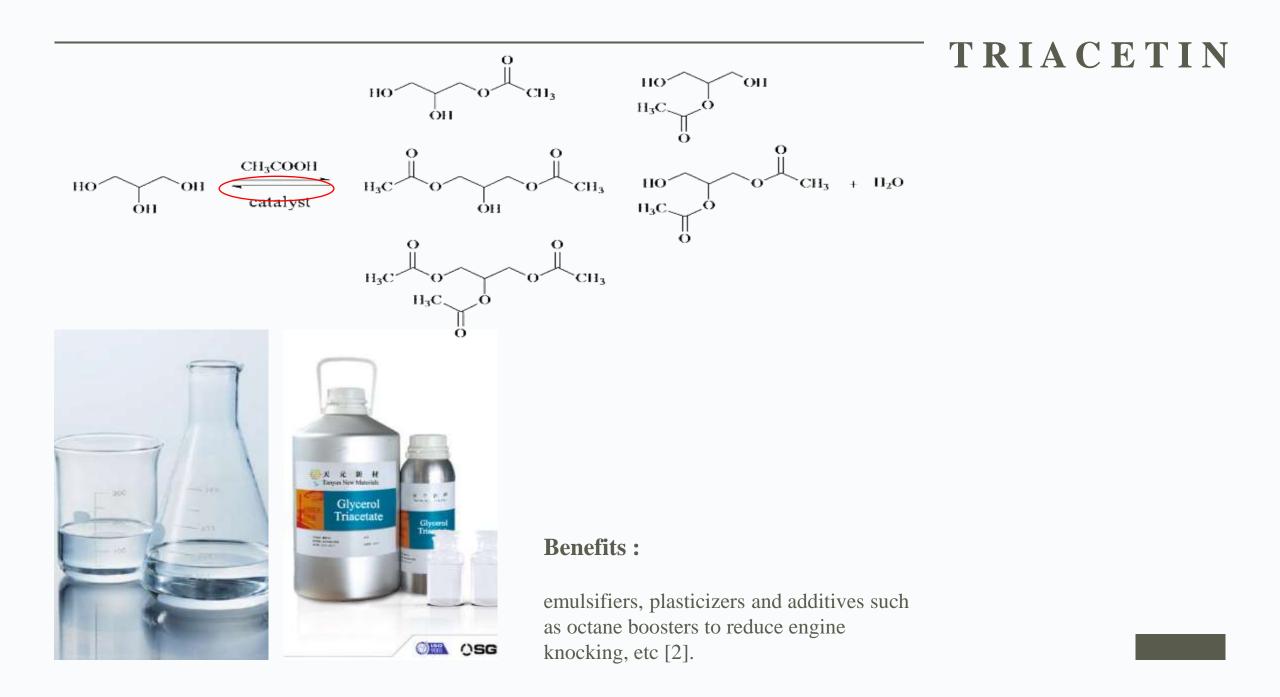
Biodiesel production will produce about 10% glycerol as the main by-product

ACETIN

obtained through the **esterification process** of the reaction of glycerol with acetic acid [1].





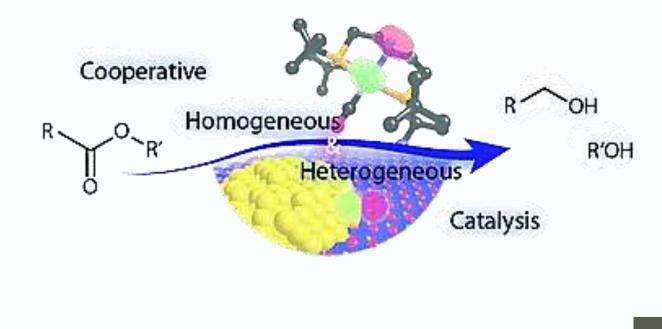


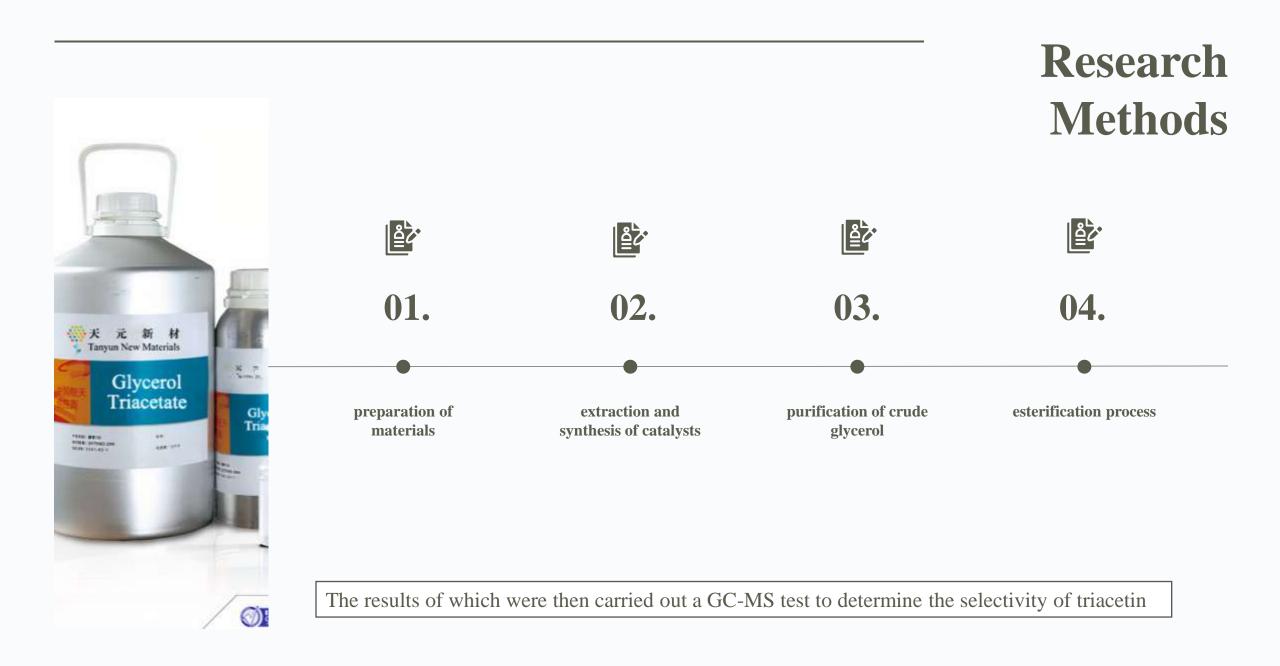
Heterogeneous Catalysts

Orange Peel

The natural potential that can be used as raw material for heterogeneous catalysts is agricultural biomass waste







Results of The Research

The extraction and synthesis of the catalyst

The percentage of silica yield of orange peel extract : 0.12 %

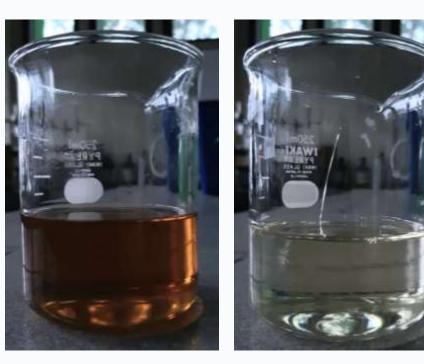


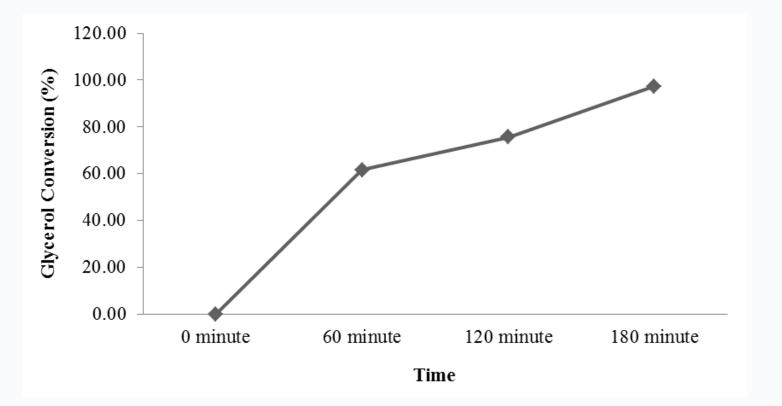


The purification of crude glycerol

The density value :

Crude Glycerol	1.224 gm ⁻¹
Glycerol Purification	1.257 gm ⁻¹





Results of The Research

Research treatment :

- 1. Reactant Rasio \rightarrow gycerol : acetic acid (1:12)
- 2. Temperature \rightarrow 115°C
- 3. Stirring speed \rightarrow 1000 rpm
- 4. Catalyst \rightarrow 3% silica orange peel extract

The conversion of glycerol purified

0 minute	60 minute	120 minute	180 minute	Triacetin selectivity
0 %	61.69 %	75.58 %	97.41 %	100 %

C O N C L U S I O N

The use of silica catalyst in the esterification reaction for the production of triacetin caused the highest glycerol conversion, namely 97.41% with a selectivity of triacetin of 100%.

Therefore, the production of triacetin using a silica catalyst derived from biomass, especially heterogeneous catalyst derived from orange peel can be recommended for use in the esterification process to obtain a high glycerol conversion value and triacetin selectivity

Acknowledgments

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Thanks !

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