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Parenting In Developing The Potential for Motor Skills of Children in Kuin Riverside Banjarmasin

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Article Info	Abstract
Article History	This study aims to identifying the parenting in developing the potential for motor skills of children in Kuin riverside at Banjarmasin city, Indonesia.
Received:	Type research is qualitative with case study as a method through focus
May 16, 2021	exploration procedure. Data were collected through observation, interview and documentation to the research focus that is parenting in developing the
Accepted:	potential for motor skills in Kuin riverside. The result showed that the
October 18, 2021	potential for motor skills can be raised from parenting.

Keywords :

Parenting, Motor Skill, Kuin Riverside

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Introduction

Province of South Kalimantan in general it is known as an area that is safe from social conflict. The sociocultural situation in the city of Banjarmasin has the characteristics of a religious community with social conditions that are full of tolerance. The cultural background and customs, as well as the various ethnic groups that exist in the City of Banjarmasin are still able to maintain good tolerance, by respect each other for these differences with the geographical conditions of swamp/peatland, and there are many rivers so that the City of Banjarmasin gets the nickname "The City of a Thousand Rivers".

The number of rivers as one of the wetlands in the city of Banjarmasin fosters various unique behaviors from the community, where the river community is utilized by the river for their transportation, trading, and daily activities (Angriani et al., 2018). This unique behavior is called the culture of the local community where culture does not only include a tradition that applies in society, but also includes an intellectual activity as well as physical activity (Asfina & Ovilia, 2016). We can see the unique behavior of the people/individuals living in the riverside areas in the morning and evening, where people have a habit of take a bath in the river even though they already have a bathroom at home. The bath referred to in this study is not only in the form of taking water and pouring it all over the body, but also throwing himself into the river and then swimming, and this is practicing by adults as well as children.

This habit is one of the local values that grows in a certain cultural context, which is limited to a certain community group, namely the riverside community (Istiqomah & Setyobudihono, 2017). This habit is suspected to indirectly be one of the factors that influence children's motor development that seen from an extrinsic perspective in the form of parenting or family parenting, because of this habit, from an early age children have been thrown into the river with the aim that children can swim, even though actually this is very dangerous because of the swift current of the river. However, based on the acknowledgment of one of the community, this is a pride and at the same time a way for parents to educate their children, especially to develop children's courage and eliminate the worries of parents for the safety of their children if they fall into the river at any time. Therefore, researchers are interested in looking at the provision of parenting applied to children from riverside areas to be able to develop their potential because many regional athletes, especially from the diving, come from riverside areas and it is suspected that parenting factors play a role.

Method

This type of research is a qualitative research, with the research method used is a case study, which when viewed from the area only covers a very narrow area or subject (Arikunto, 2010) through research procedures in the form of focused exploration where the researcher prepares instructions/guidelines for interviews and observations. The data collected was obtained from the results of a preliminary study through observation, interviews and documentation of the focus of the research is parenting in the development of potential motor skills of riverside children